NASA WIRING FOR SPACE APPLICATIONS PROGRAM TEST RESULTS

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ELECTRICAL POWER WIRING PROGRAM

GOAL: TO PROVIDE A TECHNOLOGY BASE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF LIGHTWEIGHT, ARC TRACK-RESISTANT AND RELIABLE WIRING SYSTEMS FOR AEROSPACE APPLICATIONS.

APPROACH

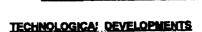
- IDENTIFY MISSION REQUIREMENTS AND APPLICATION ENVIRONMENTS
- EVALUATE POTENTIAL WIRING SYSTEMS AND ESTABLISH A DATABASE
- INVESTIGATE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES RELEVANT TO WIRING FAILURE PREVENTION, DETECTION, AND ISOLATION.
- · ESTABLISH GUIDELINES AND RECOMMENDATIONS











- NEW INSULATING MATERIALS
- NEW WIRING CONSTRUCTIONS
- IMPROVED SYSTEM DESIGN
- ADVANCED CIRCUIT PROTECTION



APPLICATIONS

- PRESSURIZED MODULES
- TRANS-ATMOSPHERIC VEHICLES
- LEO/GEO ENVIRONMENTS
- LUNAR AND MARTIAN ENVIRONMENTS

NASA Wiring for Space Applications Program

- Test Program: Evaluate potential wiring constructions and establish a database of resting information.
 - Identify and prioritize NASA wiring requirements
 - Select candidate wiring constructions
 - Develop test matrix and formulate test program
 - Coordinate and conduct tests
 - Establish guidelines and recommendations

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NASA Mission Environments:

- Pressurized Module
- LEO/GEO Applications
- Trans-Atmospheric Vehicles
- Lunar Surface
- Martian Surface

OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS

	Pressurized Modules	Low Earth Orbit	GEO	Trans- atmospheric	Lunar Surface	Martian Surface	Military Aircraft
Electrical							
Voltage	29 - 120 V	29 - 160 V		28 - 270 V	26 - 160 V		25 V
Frequency		ос			DC - 20 MHz		DC - 400 Hz
Mechanical					·		<u> </u>
Vibration		1 - 10 g (37 - 145 d a SPL					25 µm smpltude 900 Hz
Impacts	N/A	11 -26 impacts/m ² /yr (Function of Althude)	∢LEO	LEO → GEO (function al Aliftude)	0.01 - 0.5 impacts/MP/ye	Very Law Probability	NA
Environmental							'
Temperature	18.3 J - 26.7°C	-85°C → 120°C -80.3 cycles/yr	-196°C → 126°C 90 cycles/yr	-200°C → 200°C	-171°C → 111°C 13 cycles/yr	-143°C - 27°C 356 cycles/yr	-86°C → 230°C
Atmosphere	Earth → 30% O ₂	Earth → Very Low Q ₂				Earth → 0.13% O ₃ . 95.3% CO ₂	Earth Atmospher
Gas/Fluid Comp.	25 → 72% RM 100% RM Set Fog Space Pluis	100% PH Sat Pop Spen Public					25 - 79% for 100% for Salt Fog Aemopade Pluids
Pressure	517 - 780 Tor	10 ⁰ → 10 ¹⁰ Tor	7.5 x 10 ⁻¹⁴ Tor	760 → 7.5±10 ⁻¹⁴ Tarr	10 ⁴ → 10 ⁻¹² Tor	4.4 → 11.4 You	49 - 760 Yor
EM Radiation	N'A	2220 → 5800 EBH/yr (Althuda Dapandani)	6780 ESHYr	8760 ESHlyr (Alteute Departent)	6760 ESHiyr	186£ 28HJyr	Earth UV
Particulate Radiation	N/A	Protons, a pertidias, and electrons				N/A	NA
Atomic Oxygen	N/A	1099 atoma/cm//yr (Althude Dependent)	< LEO	LEO → GEO (Alteurie Dependent)	NA	N/A	N/A
Reduced Gravity	10°3 → 10°4 g	10-5 → 10-6 g		1 → 104 g	0.165 g	0.38 g	NA
Charged Plasma	N/A	0.3 -4 40×10* minutes*	0.34 1.12 grammaters ³ 120 -> 205 last	FEO → 3€0	N/A	10° 10° attempton*	N/A

KEY: N/A = Not Applicable

TESTING PROGRAM APPROACH

• Determine Required Test Matrix

- NASA Operational Environments
- NASA Unique Test Requireme.ns

• Leverage Existing Testing Database

- Air Force Programs
- Navy Programs
- NASA Programs

Identify and Evaluate Candidate Wiring Constructions

- Military Standard Wires
- Hybrid Insulation Constructions

Utilize (inter)National Expertise

- External Review of All Plans
- Experienced Testing Organizations

NASA Wiring for Space Applications Program

• Candidate Systems:

- Filiptex (PTFE/PI/FEP)

MIL-W-81381/7 (FEP/PI)

- Thermatics (PTFE/PI/PTFE)

MIL-W-22759/12 (TFE)

- Tensolite (PTFE/PI/PTFE)

- MIL-W-22759/34 (XL-ETFE)

- Gore (PTFE/HSCR PTFE/PTFE)

New Insulation (PFPI)

Configuration:

- MIL-W-81381/7 constructions
- AWG: #12, #20
- Single wire
- Twisted pair

- Summary of Results Reported in 2nd NASA Workshop on Wiring for Space Applications:
 - Arc tracking, mechanical, electrical, flammability, fluid reactivity, thermal vacuum stabliity, atomic oxygen, and ultra-violet radiation performed on 8 candidate samples of both #12 and #20.
 - Candidate constructions down-selected to 3 most promising candidates, single wire gauge (#20), and further tests were defined.
 - New insulation materials were identified and will be investigated

(Information reported in NASA Conference Publication 3244 - "Second NASA Workshop on Wiring for Space Applications)

NASA Wiring for Space Applications Program FY '94 - '95 Testing Activities

Down-selected Samples:

Gauge:

- AWG #20

Constructions:

- Tensolite (PTFE/PI/PTFE)
- Thermatics (PTFE/PI/PTFE)
- Filotex (PTFE/PI/FEP)
- MIL-W-81381/7 (FEP/PI)
- MIL-W-22759/12 (TFE)
- MIL-W-22759/34 (XL-ETFE)
- New Insulation (PFPI)

FY '94 - '95 Testing Activities

- Participating Organizations:
 - NASA
 - LeRC
 - MSFC
 - JSC
 - McDonnell Douglas/TRW
 - University of Buffalo

NASA Wiring for Space Applications Program

FY '94 - '95 Testing Activities NASA LeRC

• Objective:

Perform comparative analysis of arc-tracking of the candidate constructions under atmospheric, vacuum, and µgravity conditions.

Tests:

Arc-tracking

- Ambient conditions
- 5 x 10⁵ torr
- 10º g

 Principal investigator: Thomas J. Stueber

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FY '94 - '95 Testing Activities NASA MSFC

Investigate the effects of AO, UV, and AO with UV synergistic effects on wire insulation materials. Objective:

Tests: AO: ~10²¹ atoms/cm²

UV: ~10,000 ESH

Principal

Jason A. Vaughn Space Environmental Effects Branch George C. Marshall Space Flight Center Investigator: